

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## LIMESTONE PRODUCTS

Page: 1  
Date: May 16, 2002

### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: #2, CA-3, #67, #7, #8, #89, 4" Minus, 3/8" Minus, Rec Rock, Aglime, Manufactured "Class D" Sand, Filter Blanket Rip Rap, Rip Rap, Class 2, Class 5, Class 5 Modified 1-1/2" minus

General Use: Construction aggregates and agricultural products

Product Description: Granular Mineral

**MANUFACTURER:**  
**Cemstone Products Company**  
**Cemstone Ready Mix**  
**Twin City Concrete Products**  
**Roberts Concrete Products**  
2025 Centre Pointe Blvd. Suite 300  
Mendota Heights, MN 55120

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE**  
1-800-642-3887

### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	wt %	CAS Registry #
Silica	>1	14808-60-7
Calcium Carbonate	>1	1317-65-3
Calcium Hydroxide	>1	1305-62-0
Water	>1	7732-18-5

Oxides of iron, sodium, potassium and sulfur are also present in trace amounts.

#### OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR 1910.1200):

	EXPOSURE LIMITS 8 hrs TWA (ppm)		
	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other
Silicon Dioxide	0.1 mg/M3	0.1 mg/M3	
Calcium Carbonate	15 mg/M3	10 mg/M3	
Calcium Hydroxide	5 mg/M3	5 mg/M3	

**3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Inhalation of dust may cause coughing, sneezing, irritation and inflammation of the upper respiratory system. Inhalation of free crystalline silica (Silicon dioxide) may cause silicosis. Silicon dioxide is identified as a probable carcinogen in humans. Silicosis is typically associated with chronic or long-term exposure to silica, however, exposure to very high air concentrations of free silica can cause an acute form of silicosis that may occur within one year after exposure begins.

**EYE CONTACT:**

Direct dust exposure to the eye may cause irritation, destruction of eye tissue if dust is not washed from the eye.

**SKIN CONTACT:**

Exposure to granular material could cause skin abrasion. May cause irritation to the skin due to high pH of the material.

**INGESTION:**

Is only important if large quantities of the material are swallowed so as to cause blockage.

**INHALATION:**

Cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, impaired pulmonary function.

**CHRONIC:**

May cause silicosis with scarring of the lungs with cough and shortness of breath with prolonged, repeated exposure.

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**4. FIRST AID MEASURES****INHALATION:**

Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention. In cases of inhalation of IDHL levels, evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight fitting clothing. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

**EYE CONTACT:**

Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lens. Do not use an eye ointment. Consult a physician if irritation persists after flushing eyes.

**SKIN CONTACT:**

If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

**INGESTION:**

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If conscious give person 1 to 2 glasses of water. Seek immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, lower head to avoid aspiration into the lungs. Contact a physician immediately.

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**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flashpoint and Method: N/A  
Flammable Limits: N/A  
Autoignition Temperature: N/A

**GENERAL HAZARD:**

Chemical is not likely to support combustion.

**FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:**

No special instructions. Material is not combustible.

**FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT:**

No special requirements.

**HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:**

None.

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**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**LAND SPILL:**

Avoid handling procedures which disperse dust. Dust contains free crystalline silica. Use water/wet methods when ever mixing materials or cleaning up a spill of the material.

**WATER SPILL:**

Material is a natural mineral product and will cause no adverse effects to the water system.

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**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Ambient STORAGE PRESSURE: Atmospheric

**GENERAL:**

Store in a closed container.  
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents such as fluorine, chlorine trifluoride, etc.

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**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Ventilate or enclose dust-producing processes.

**PERSONAL PROTECTION:**

In situations where airborne dust levels are significant or exceed exposure limits provide at minimum disposable dust masks rated for free silica exposure.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Vapor Pressure:	N/A	Vapor density:	N/A
Specific Gravity:	1.02	Evaporation Rate:	Negligible
Solubility in Water:	Negligible	Freezing point:	N/A
pH:	N/A	Odor:	None
Boiling Point:	N/A	Appearance:	Light Brown Granular
Viscosity:	N/A	Physical state:	Solid

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**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY****GENERAL:**

This product is stable and hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:**

Reactive with strong oxidizing agents. Hydrofluoric acid dissolves silica to produce the corrosive gas silicon tetrafluoride. Acids react violently to produce heat. Nitro-organic compounds may react to form explosive salts. Maleic anhydride may react explosively. Phosphorus may form flammable products when heated. Magnesium may react to form hydrogen gas.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:**

None

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**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Toxicity to Animals:

Chronic Effects on    Prolonged exposure to airborne fine dust can cause silicosis. Silicosis is a disabling, nonreversible and sometimes fatal lung disease caused by overexposure to respirable crystalline silica. Overexposure to dust that contains microscopic particles of crystalline silica can cause scar tissue to form in the lungs, which reduces the lung's ability to extract oxygen from the air we breathe.

Carcinogenicity:    The Sixth Annual Report on Carcinogens, 1991, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, National Toxicology Program states: "There is sufficient evidence of the carcinogenicity of respirable crystalline silica as being probably carcinogenic in humans." NIOSH considers respirable silica to be a potential human carcinogen.

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity: Not available.  
BOD5 and COD: Not available.  
Products of Biodegradation: N/A

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

This material is not defined as a hazardous material with respect to disposal based on flash point, pH, and component analysis. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations.

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**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT (Department of Transportation):  
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

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**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act):  
Not listed.  
SARA Title III (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act):  
Not listed.  
CERCLA (Comprehensive Response Compensation, and Liability Act):  
Not listed.

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION

Health - 3                      Fire - 0                      Reactivity - 0

REVISION SUMMARY:

Created on May 16, 2002 by Cheryl Sykora, CIH, CSP - LEGEND TECHNICAL SERVICES, INC., 775 Vandalia St., St Paul, MN 55114 phone 651-642-1150.

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